

February Medicaid & CHIP **Beneficiaries at a Glance**



KEY FACTS

71,395,465

Medicaid and CHIP Enrollment, October 2019¹

10,906,103

Medicare and Medicaid, March 2019¹

15,181,880

**Medicaid Expansion Adult Enrollment, September 2018¹

\$616 Billion

Total Medicaid and CHIP Expenditures, 2018¹

42%

U.S. Births Covered by Medicaid, 2018²

69%

Medicaid Beneficiaries Enrolled in Comprehensive Managed Care, 20171

Annual Medicaid and CHIP Expenditure by Service Category, 2017¹

Managed Care \$287B

Long-Term Care \$119B

\$98B

Inpatient Services \$62B

Prescription Drugs \$4B

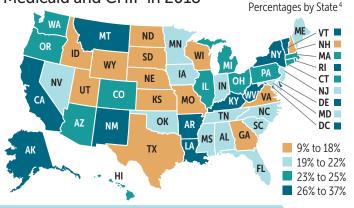
Administrative \$28B to prior year payments.

Physician, Laboratory, & Other Services Note: Expenditures by service category do not sum to the total expenditures. Total expenditures also include Medicare payments for some beneficiaries and adjustments

BENEFICIARY CHARACTERISTICS

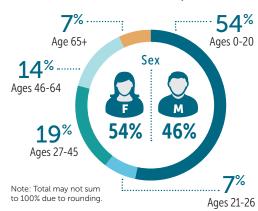
*People dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid are also called dually eligible beneficiaries. This number includes beneficiaries with both full and partial Medicaid benefits.

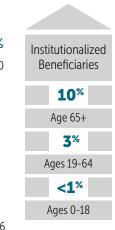
18% of the U.S. Population Were Enrolled in Medicaid and CHIP in 2018³



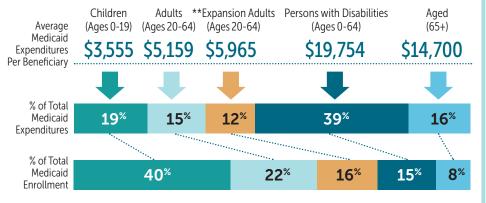
BENEFICIARY CATEGORIES AND FUNCTIONAL STATUS

Beneficiaries by Age, Sex, and Institutionalized Status,5 2017





Medicaid Average Cost, Enrollment, and Expenditures, by Beneficiary Category, 2016¹



Note: Children and adults with disabilities as their basis for eligibility are included in the category of persons with disabilities. ** Expansion adults = Adults made newly eligible for Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act beginning in 2014.

Beneficiaries' Self-Reported Functional Status, 2017⁶

Adults (Ages 19-64, non-institutionalized)

42% Any basic action difficulty

Any complex activity limitation 30%

27% Limited in amount or kind of work due to health

21% Functional limitation

19% Unable to work now due to health problem

Children (Under age 19, non-institutionalized)

27% Special health care needs

Receiving special education or early intervention services 11%

Impairment limiting ability to crawl, walk, run, or 3% play that is expected to last 12 or more months

Impairment requiring special equipment

Note: These categories are not mutually exclusive or exhaustive.

If you would like more information about the Medicaid and CHIP programs and their beneficiaries, please see the following additional resources:

- The Medicaid and CHIP Beneficiary Profile provides an overview of the characteristics, health status, access, utilization, expenditures, and experience of the beneficiaries served by Medicaid and CHIP. It is available at: https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/quality-of-care/index.html
- CMS developed the Medicaid and CHIP Scorecard to increase public transparency and accountability about the programs' administration and outcomes. It is available at: https://www.medicaid.gov/state-overviews/scorecard/index.html

^{**} Expansion adults = Adults made newly eligible for Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act beginning in 2014

Getting Needed Care, 2019⁷



Getting Needed Care Composite

Child Medicaid

61%

Adult Medicaid

56%

How often was easy to get needed care, tests, or treatment

Child Medicaid

67%

Adult Medicaid

58%

Got appointments with specialists as soon as needed

Child Medicaid

56%

Adult Medicaid

54%

Note: "Getting Needed Care Composite" combines responses of the two other questions in this section, which are shown below it.

Self-Reported Health Care Utilization Among Non-Institutionalized Children and Adults Covered by Medicaid or CHIP, 2017⁶



Had at least 1 visit to a doctor or other health professional



Had at least 1 emergency department visit



Had at least 1 overnight hospital stay

Number of Visits

Percentage of Beneficiaries with Visits to Selected Providers

in the Past 12 Months

25%

OBGYN Practitioner

Eye Doctor

Specialist 14%

Mental Health 10%

Professional 18%



4 or more Visits

Children Adults

Received care at home

Children

Note: Data include all non-institutionalized

or other state-sponsored health plans

children under age 19, and non-institutionalized

adults ages 19 to 64 covered by Medicaid, CHIP,

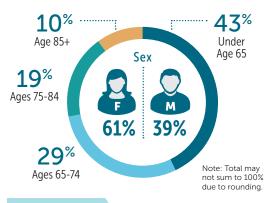
Adults

DUALLY ELIGIBLE BENEFICIARIES

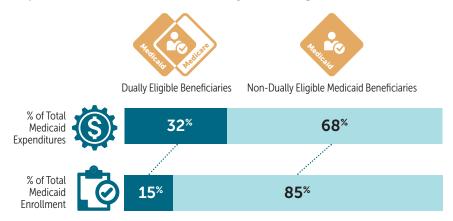


Fast fact: Dually eligible beneficiaries are people dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid. About three-fourths (72 percent) of dually eligible beneficiaries receive full Medicaid benefits and the remainder (28 percent) receive partial Medicaid benefits.

Demographic Characteristics of Dually Eligible Beneficiaries, 20168



Expenditures and Enrollment by Dual Eligible Status, 20139



DATA SOURCES

- 1. Based on Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) administrative data
- 2. Based on National Center for Health Statistics data
- Based on U.S. Census data.
- Based on CMS administrative data and U.S. Census data.
- 5. Based on American Community Survey data in the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series (IPUMS USA).
- 6. Based on Medicaid and CHIP Payment and Access Commission (MACPAC) analysis of National Health Interview Survey data Based on Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality analysis of Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) Health Plan Survey data.
- 8. Based on Medicare Payment Advisory Commission (MEDPAC) analysis of Medicare Current Beneficiary Survey data.
- 9. Based on joint MEDPAC and MACPAC analysis of CMS administrative data

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